

Is the sensitivity of T-DOC air-charged catheters stable enough for ambulatory urodynamics monitoring?



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Introduction

Solid state catheters	Air charged catheters
Reusable	Disposable
Needs sterilising	Artifact resistant

Aim

To investigate whether T-DOC catheters are stable enough for ambulatory urodynamics.

Methods

- 1) Test 10 T-DOC catheters under known pressure for 6 hours
- 2) Recharge T-DOC every hour

Results

- 1) T-DOC catheters measure slowly changing pressure to ± 5 cmH₂O
- 2) T-DOC catheters leak slightly
- 3) Pressure measurements change by $< 4\%$ per hour

Conclusion

T-DOC catheters leak slightly but are metrologically suitable for ambulatory urodynamics.

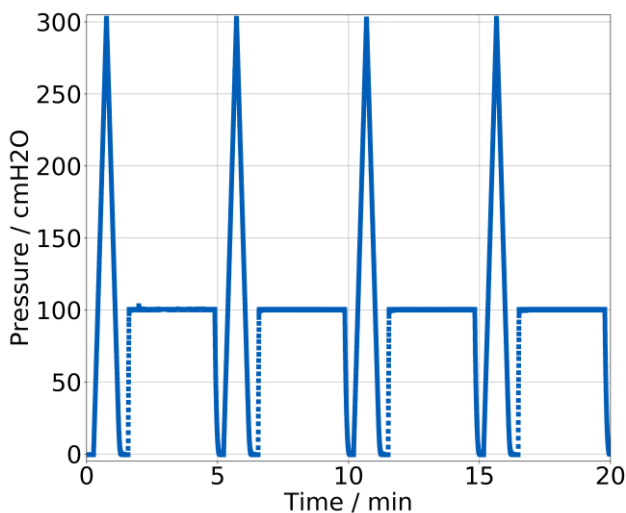


Fig 2: Reference pressure in chamber over time.

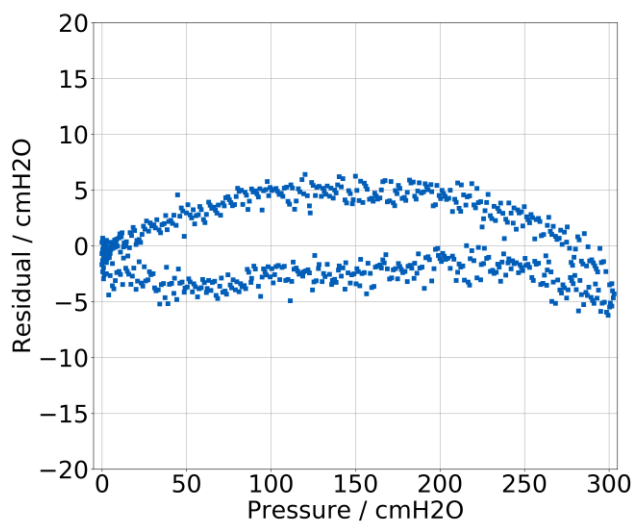


Fig 3: Deviation from reference pressure as measured by T-DOC catheter in a single ramp.

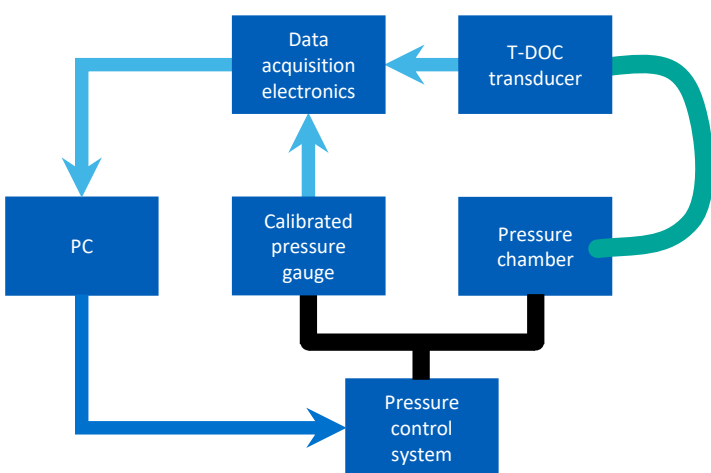


Fig 1: Experimental setup.

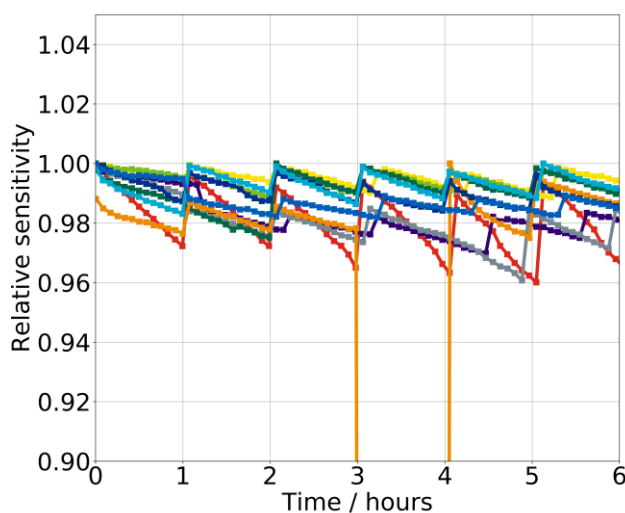


Fig 4: Sensitivity change of 10 T-DOC catheters over 6 hours.